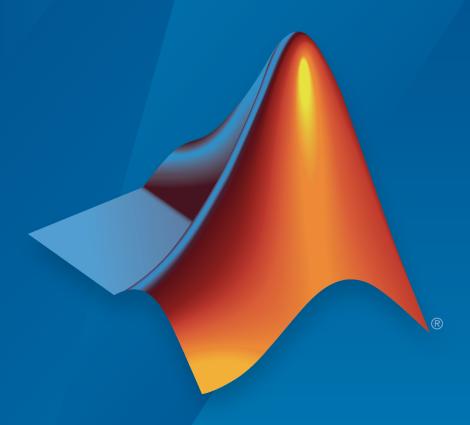
MATLAB[®] Compiler™

Hadoop® Integration Guide



MATLAB®



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MATLAB[®] Compiler™ Hadoop[®] Integration Guide

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Deployable Archives

- "Package Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop with Hadoop Compiler App" on page 1-2
- "Create Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop from Command Line" on page 1-6

Package Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop with Hadoop Compiler App

This example shows how to create a deployable archive that calculates mean airline delays. It runs against Hadoop® using the Hadoop Compiler app, which is accessible from deploytool. The archive that you create contains all the MATLAB® content associated with the component. The Hadoop Compiler app generates mcc commands that help you customize to your specification.

This example uses the MaxMapReduceExample.m example file and the airline dataset, airlinesmall.csv, both available at the toolbox/matlab/demos folder. Move your example code to a new working folder for deployment. The new working folder on the path ensures that the files are accessible by MATLAB CompilerTM.

Note: Deployable archive that runs against Hadoop using Hadoop Compiler app is supported only on Linux[®].

- 1 Set environment variables and cluster properties for your Hadoop configuration. These properties are necessary for submitting jobs to your Hadoop cluster.
 - a Set up the environment variable, HADOOP_HOME to point at your Hadoop install folder. Modify the system path to include \$HADOOP_HOME/bin.
 - **b** Install the MATLAB Runtime in a folder that is accessible by every worker node in the Hadoop cluster.

The following example uses /hd-shared/MCR/v84.

- For information on installing the MATLAB Runtime see "Install the MATLAB Runtime".
- c Copy the airlinesmall.csv into Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFSTM) folder /datasets/airlinemod.
- d Copy the map function maxArrivalDelayMapper.m from toolbox/matlab/ demos folder to the working folder.

```
function maxArrivalDelayMapper (data, info, intermKVStore)
partMax = max(data.ArrDelay);
add(intermKVStore, 'PartialMaxArrivalDelay', partMax);
```

For more information, see "Write a Map Function".

e Copy the reduce function maxArrivalDelayReducer.m from toolbox/matlab/demos folder to the working folder.

```
function maxArrivalDelayReducer(intermKey, intermValIter, outKVStore)
maxVal = -inf;
while hasnext(intermValIter)
   maxVal = max(getnext(intermValIter), maxVal);
end
add(outKVStore,'MaxArrivalDelay',maxVal);
```

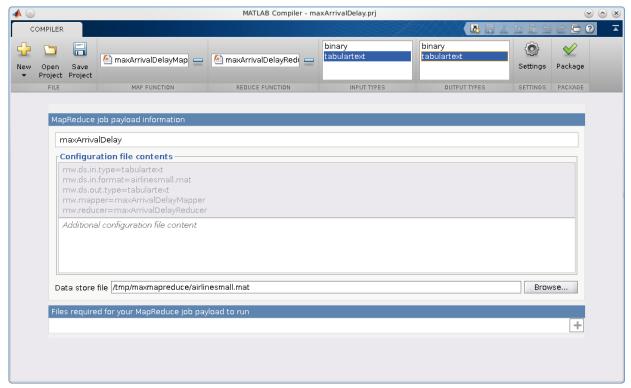
For more information, see "Write a Reduce Function".

2 Create a datastore object from the MaxMapReduceExample.m and save the datastore to a .mat file.

For more information, "Getting Started with Datastore"

Launch the Hadoop Compiler app through the MATLAB command line or through the apps gallery. At the MATLAB command line type the following command:

hadoopCompiler



- 4 In the **Map Function** section of the toolstrip, click the plus button to add map file, which contains the map function. Browse and select one map function maxArrivalDelayMapper.m.
- 5 In the **Reduce Function** section of the toolstrip, click the plus button to add reduce file, which contains the reduce function. Browse and select one reduce function maxArrivalDelayReducer.m.
- 6 In the **Input Types** section, select tabulartext as input type. By default, the input type is tabulartext.
- 7 In the **Output Types** section, select tabulartext as output type. By default, the output type is binary.
- **8** Rename the application name to maxArrivalDelay.
- **9** In the **Data store file** field, click Browse and select the airlinesmall.mat file, which contains the saved datastore object.
- 10 Click **Package** to build a deployable archive.

The Hadoop Compiler app creates a log file PackagingLog.txt and two folders for_redistribution and for_testing. The for_redistribution folder contains readme file, shell script run_maxarrivaldelay.sh, and deployable archive maxarrivaldelay.ctf. The for_testing folder contains the same three files and a log file mccExcludedfiles.log.

11 At the MATLAB command prompt, run the deployable archive against Hadoop using the generated shell script. The arguments in the command are MCRRoot, Hadoop properties defined using -D flag, the data file, and the new results folder. The command to execute the script must be entered as a single line.

```
cd maxArrivalDelay/for_testing
!./run_maxarrivaldelay.sh /hd-shared/MCR/v84
-D mw.mcroot = /hd-shared/MCR/v84 /datasets/airlinemod/airlinesmall.csv
```

12 Examine the results using the Hadoop command.

```
!./hadoop fs -cat myresults/*
    'MaxArrivalDelay' [1014]
```

Other examples of map and reduce functions are available at toolbox/matlab/demos folder. You can use other examples to prototype similar deployable archives that run against Hadoop. For more information, see "Build Effective Algorithms with MapReduce".

See Also

datastore | deploytool | KeyValueDatastore | TabularTextDatastore

Related Examples

 "Create Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop from Command Line" on page 1-6

Create Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop from Command Line

This example shows how to create a deployable archive with mcc command that calculates mean airline delays. The archive that you create contains all the MATLAB content associated with the component. The mcc command creates a shell script to run the deployable archive against Hadoop. You can use shell script to customize the execution of the deployable archive within your particular Hadoop environment.

This example uses the MaxMapReduceExample.m example file and the airline dataset, airlinesmall.csv, both available at the toolbox/matlab/demos folder. Move your example code to a new working folder for deployment. The new working folder on the path ensures that the files are accessible by MATLAB Compiler.

Note: Deployable archive that runs against Hadoop using Hadoop Compiler app is supported only on Linux.

- 1 Set environment variables and cluster properties for your Hadoop configuration. These properties are necessary for submitting jobs to your Hadoop cluster.
 - a Set up the environment variable, HADOOP_HOME to point at your Hadoop install folder. Modify the system path to include \$HADOOP_HOME/bin.
 - **b** Install the MATLAB Runtime in a folder that is accessible by every worker node in the Hadoop cluster. The following example uses /hd-shared/MCR/v84.
 - Download the MATLAB Runtime from the website at http://www.mathworks.com/products/compiler/mcr.
 - c Copy the airlinesmall.csv into Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) folder /datasets/airlinemod.
 - **d** Copy the map function maxArrivalDelayMapper.m from toolbox/matlab/demos folder to the working folder.

```
function maxArrivalDelayMapper (data, info, intermKVStore)
partMax = max(data.ArrDelay);
add(intermKVStore, 'PartialMaxArrivalDelay', partMax);
```

For more information, see "Write a Map Function".

e Copy the reduce function maxArrivalDelayReducer.m from toolbox/matlab/demos folder to the working folder.

```
function maxArrivalDelayReducer(intermKey, intermValIter, outKVStore)
maxVal = -inf;
while hasnext(intermValIter)
    maxVal = max(getnext(intermValIter), maxVal);
end
add(outKVStore, 'MaxArrivalDelay', maxVal);
```

For more information, see "Write a Reduce Function".

2 Create a datastore object from the MaxMapReduceExample.m and save the datastore to a .mat file.

For more information, "Getting Started with Datastore"

3 A Hadoop settings file specifies input type tabulartext, output type binary, the map function, the reduce function, and previously created datastore.

```
mw.ds.in.type = tabulartext
mw.ds.in.format = airlinesmall.mat
mw.ds.out.type = binary
mw.mapper = maxArrivalDelayMapper
mw.reducer = maxArrivalDelayReducer
For more information, see "Hadoop Settings File" on page 3-3.
```

4 Use the MCC command with the -M flag to create a deployable archive. The -M flag creates a standard executable that can be run from a command line. However, the MCC command cannot package the results in an installer. The command must be entered as a single line.

```
mcc -H -W 'hadoop:airlinesmall,CONFIG:MWHadoopSetting.txt'
maxArrivalDelayMapper.m maxArrivalDelayReducer.m
-a airlinesmall.mat
```

For more information, see MCC.

MATLAB Compiler creates a shell script run_maxarrivaldelay.sh, a deployable archive airlinesmall.ctf, and a log file mccExcludedfiles.log.

Deploy the archive as a Hadoop job by pointing the job to the csv files in the airline dataset. The arguments in the command are MCRRoot, Hadoop properties defined using -D flag, the data file, and the new results folder. The command must be entered as a single line.

Other examples of map and reduce functions are available at toolbox/matlab/demos folder. You can use other examples to prototype similar deployable archives that run against Hadoop. For more information, see "Build Effective Algorithms with MapReduce".

See Also

datastore | deploytool | KeyValueDatastore | mcc | TabularTextDatastore

Related Examples

 "Package Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop with Hadoop Compiler App" on page 1-2

Standalone Applications

Create Standalone Application to Run Against Hadoop from Command Line

This example shows how to modify a MATLAB example that calculates mean airline delays and creates a standalone application. The standalone application is a MATLAB program that runs against Hadoop using the mcc command. The mapreducer defines the environment for Hadoop.

This example uses the MaxMapReduceExample.m example file and the airline dataset, airlinesmall.csv, both available at the toolbox/matlab/demos folder. Move your example code to a new working folder for deployment. The new working folder on the path ensures that the files are accessible by MATLAB Compiler.

Note: Standalone application that runs against Hadoop using **mcc** is supported only on Linux.

- 1 Set environment variables and cluster properties for your Hadoop configuration. These properties are necessary for submitting jobs to your Hadoop cluster.
 - Set up the environment variable, HADOOP_HOME to point at your Hadoop install folder. Modify the system path to include \$HADOOP_HOME/bin.

```
setenv('HADOOP_HOME','/share/hadoop/a1.2.1')
```

• Install the MATLAB Runtime in a folder that is accessible by every worker node in the Hadoop cluster. The following steps use /hd-shared/MCR/v84.

Download the MATLAB Runtime from the website at http://www.mathworks.com/products/compiler/mcr.

- Copy the airlinesmall.csv into Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) folder /datasets/airlinemod.
- Copy the map function maxArrivalDelayMapper.m from toolbox/matlab/ demos folder to the working folder.

```
function maxArrivalDelayMapper (data, info, intermKVStore)
partMax = max(data.ArrDelay);
add(intermKVStore, 'PartialMaxArrivalDelay',partMax);
```

For more information, see "Write a Map Function".

 Copy the reduce function maxArrivalDelayReducer.m from toolbox/ matlab/demos folder to the working folder.

```
function maxArrivalDelayReducer(intermKey, intermValIter, outKVStore)
maxVal = -inf;
while hasnext(intermValIter)
    maxVal = max(getnext(intermValIter), maxVal);
end
add(outKVStore,'MaxArrivalDelay',maxVal);
```

For more information, see "Write a Reduce Function".

2 Create a datastore that points to the airline data in Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS).

```
ds = datastore(...
    'hdfs://hadoop01/datasets/airlinemod/airlinesmall.csv',...
    'TreatAsMissing','NA')
ds.SelectedVariableNames = {'Year','Month',...
    'DayofMonth','UniqueCarrier'};
```

If the files are located in HDFS, then the datastore should point to HDFS. For more information, see "Read from HDFS".

3 Create a mapreducer object to set the properties of Hadoop in deployed mode. The mapreducer passes information about the execution environment to standalone applications that run against Hadoop. The mapreducer must point to the location of the MATLAB Runtime that is accessible from all the Hadoop worker nodes.

```
mr = mapreducer(matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer('MCRRoot',...
    '/hd-shared/hadoop-2.2.0/MCR/v84'))
```

For more information, see matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer.

The new application maxMapreduceapp.m consists of a datastore, a mapreducer object that specifies the deployed environment variables, a mapreduce command, and a command to view the results of mapreduce:

```
mr,'OutputType','Binary', ...
'OutputFolder','hdfs://hadoop01/user/username/myresults');
maxMapreduceappResult = readall(result)
```

5 Use the MCC command with the -m flag to create a standalone application. The -m flag creates a standard executable that can be run from a command line. However, the MCC command cannot package the results in an installer.

```
mcc -m maxmapreduceapp.m
```

For more information, see MCC.

MATLAB Compiler creates maxmapreduceapp.m, shell script run_maxarrivaldelay.sh, and a log file mccExcludedfiles.log.

6 Run the standalone application from MATLAB command prompt using the following command:

!./maxmapreduce

Key	Value		
'AA'	[92X1	double]	
'AS'		double]	
' CO '	[92X1	double]	
'DL'	[92X1	double]	
'EA'	[92X1	double]	

Results display in MATLAB.

Other examples of map and reduce functions are available at toolbox/matlab/demos folder. You can use other examples to prototype similar standalone applications that run against Hadoop. For more information, see "Build Effective Algorithms with MapReduce".

See Also

matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer | datastore | KeyValueDatastore | mcc | TabularTextDatastore

Related Examples

- "Package Standalone Application with Application Compiler App"
- "Pass Parallel Computing Toolbox Profile at Run Time"

Hadoop Configuration

- "Hadoop Configuration" on page 3-2
- "Hadoop Settings File" on page 3-3

Hadoop Configuration

In this section...

"When Using Hadoop Standalone Mode" on page 3-2

"Hadoop Version Considerations" on page 3-2

When Using Hadoop Standalone Mode

To execute a deployed MATLAB application or run a deployable archive as a Hadoop job in standalone mode, first set the appropriate environment variables in the Hadoop environment shell:

- Modify HADOOP CLASSPATH according to your Hadoop version.
 - If you are working with Hadoop V1, use mcr_root/toolbox/mlhadoop/jar/a1.2.1/mwmapreduce.jar
 - If you are working with Hadoop V2, use mcr_root/toolbox/mlhadoop/jar/a2.2.0/mwmapreduce.jar

where, mcr root is the base of the install area for MATLAB Runtime

- Export LD_LIBRARY_PATH to include the following entries:
 - mcr_root/runtime/glnxa64 :mcr_root/bin/glnxa64 mcr_root/sys/os/glnxa64 :mcr_root/sys/opengl/glnxa64

where, mcr_root is the base of the install area for MATLAB Runtime

Hadoop Version Considerations

- If you are working with Hadoop V1, improve the performance by setting mapred.job.reuse.jvm.num.tasks to -1.
- If you are working with Hadoop V2, the performance-improvement property is not supported.

Hadoop Settings File

In creating a deployable archive, you must create a Hadoop settings file that contains configuration details. If you are using <code>mcc</code>, create a text file. If you are using <code>deploytool</code>, the Hadoop Compiler app automatically creates the file for you when you select the map function, the reduce function, the input type, and the output type. You can view the contents of your settings file in the <code>Configuration file contents</code> section of the Hadoop Compiler app.

Parameter Type	Description	Default Value
mw.mapper	MATLAB map function name	Hadoop identity map function
mw.reducer	MATLAB reduce function name	Hadoop identity reduce function
mw.ds.in.type	MATLAB input type The input type is of two types, tabulartext and binary. The tabulartext input type is a formatted text file. The file is either a source file or result of the previous mapreduce job. The binary input type is a sequence file.	tabulartext
mw.ds.in.forma	This parameter is valid with tabulartext input type. This parameter specifies a .mat file that contains a datastore.	None
mw.ds.in.reads	This parameter is valid with binary input type. This parameter specifies a number that are number of rows for passing to the map function.	1
mw.ds.out.type	MATLAB output type The output type is of two types, tabulartext and binary. The tabulartext output type writes to a text file. The binary output type writes to a sequence file.	binary

This example shows a settings file with tabulartext input type:

```
mw.mapper = maxArrivalDelayMapper
mw.reducer = maxArrivalDelayReducer
mw.ds.in.type = tabulartext
mw.ds.in.format = airlinesmall.mat
mw.ds.out.type = tabulartext
This example shows a settings file with binary input type:
mw.mapper = maxArrivalDelayMapper
mw.reducer = maxArrivalDelayReducer
mw.ds.in.type = binary
mw.ds.in.readsize = 1
mw.ds.out.type = tabulartext
```

Related Examples

- "Package Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop with Hadoop Compiler App" on page 1-2
- * "Create Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop from Command Line" on page 1-6

Functions — Alphabetical List

deploytool

Compile and package functions for external deployment

Syntax

```
deploytool
deploytool project_name
deploytool -build project_name
deploytool -package project name
```

Description

deploytool opens a list of the compiler apps.

deploytool project_name opens the appropriate compiler app with the project
preloaded.

deploytool -build project_name runs the appropriate compiler app to build the specified project. The installer is not generated.

deploytool -package project_name runs the appropriate compiler app to build and package the specified project. The installer is generated.

Examples

Create a New Compiler Project

Open the compiler to create a new project.

deploytool

Package an Application using an Existing Project

Open the compiler to build a new application using an existing project.

deploytool -package my_magic

Input Arguments

 ${\tt project_name-name}$ of the project to be compiled ${\tt string}$

Specify the name of a previously saved project. The project must be on the current path.

Introduced in R2013b

mcc

Compile MATLAB functions for deployment

Syntax

```
mcc options mfilename1,...,mfilenameN
mcc -m options mfilename
mcc -e options mfilename
mcc -W excel:addin_name,className,version -T link:lib options
mfilename1,...,mfilenameN
mcc -H -W hadoop:archiveName,CONFIG:configFile
```

Description

mcc options mfilename1,...,mfilenameN compiles the functions as specified by the options.

The options used depend on the intended results of the compilation. For information on compiling:

- * C/C++ shared libraries, .NET assemblies, Java® packages, or Python® packages see mcc for MATLAB Compiler SDK TM
- MATLAB Production Server[™] deployable archives or Excel[®] add-ins for MATLAB Production Server see mcc for MATLAB Compiler SDK

 ${\tt mcc}$ -m options mfilename compiles the function into a standalone application.

This is equivalent to -W main -T link:exe.

 ${\tt mcc}$ -e options ${\tt mfilename}$ compiles the function into a standalone application that does not open an ${\tt MS-DOS}^{\circledR}$ command window.

This syntax is equivalent to -W WinMain -T link:exe.

mcc -W excel: $addin_name$, className, version -T link: lib options mfilename1, ..., mfilenameN creates a $Microsoft^{®}$ Excel add-in from the specified files.

- addin_name Specifies the name of the addin and its namespace, which is a period-separated list, such as companyname.groupname.component.
- className Specifies the name of the class to be created. If you do not specify the class name, mcc uses the addin name as the default.
- · version Specifies the version of the add-in specified as major.minor.
 - *major* Specifies the major version number. If you do not specify a version number, mcc uses the latest version.
 - *minor* Specifies the minor version number. If you do not specify a version number, mcc uses the latest version.

mcc -H -W hadoop: archiveName, CONFIG: configFile generates a deployable archive that can be run as a job by Hadoop.

- archiveName Specifies the name of the generated archive.
- configFile Specifies the path to the Hadoop settings file. See "Hadoop Settings File" on page 3-3.

Tip You can issue the MCC command either at the MATLAB command prompt or the DOS or UNIX® command line.

Examples

Compile a standalone application

```
mcc -m magic.m
```

Compile a standalone Windows application

Compile a standalone application that does not open a command prompt on Windows.

```
mcc -e magic.m
```

Compile an Excel add-in

mcc -W excel:myMagin, magic, -T link:lib magic.m

Input Arguments

mfilename — File to be compiled

filename

File to be compiled specified as a string.

mfilename1,...,mfilenameN — Files to be compiled

list of filenames

One, or more, files to be compiled, specified as a comma-separated list of filenames.

options — Options for customizing the output

Options for customizing the output, specified as a list of strings.

-a

Add files to the deployable archive using -a path to specify the files to be added. Multiple -a options are permitted.

If a file name is specified with -a, the compiler looks for these files on the MATLAB path, so specifying the full path name is optional. These files are not passed to mbuild, so you can include files such as data files.

If a folder name is specified with the -a option, the entire contents of that folder are added recursively to the deployable archive. For example

```
mcc -m hello.m -a ./testdir
```

specifies that all files in testdir, as well as all files in its subfolders, are added to the deployable archive. The folder subtree in testdir is preserved in the deployable archive.

If the filename includes a wildcard pattern, only the files in the folder that match the pattern are added to the deployable archive and subfolders of the given path are not processed recursively. For example

```
mcc -m hello.m -a ./testdir/*
```

specifies that all files in ./testdir are added to the deployable archive and subfolders under ./testdir are not processed recursively.

```
mcc -m hello.m -a ./testdir/*.m
```

specifies that all files with the extension .m under ./testdir are added to the deployable archive and subfolders of ./testdir are not processed recursively.

Note: * is the only supported wildcard.

When you add files to the archive using -a that do not appear on the MATLAB path at the time of compilation, a path entry is added to the application's run-time path so that they appear on the path when the deployed code executes.

When you include files, the absolute path for the DLL and header files changes. The files are placed in the .\exe_mcr\ folder when the archive is expanded. The file is not placed in the local folder. This folder is created from the deployable archive the first time the application is executed. The isdeployed function is provided to help you accommodate this difference in deployed mode.

The -a switch also creates a .auth file for authorization purposes. It ensures that the executable looks for the DLL- and H-files in the exe_mcr\exe folder.

Caution If you use the -a flag to include a file that is not on the MATLAB path, the folder containing the file is added to the MATLAB dependency analysis path. As a result, other files from that folder might be included in the compiled application.

Note: If you use the -a flag to include custom Java classes, standalone applications work without any need to change the classpath as long as the Java class is not a member of a package. The same applies for JAR files. However, if the class being

added is a member of a package, the MATLAB code needs to make an appropriate call to javaaddpath to update the classpath with the parent folder of the package.

-b

Generate a Visual Basic[®] file (.bas) containing the Microsoft Excel Formula Function interface to the COM object generated by MATLAB Compiler. When imported into the workbook Visual Basic code, this code allows the MATLAB function to be seen as a cell formula function.

-B

Replace the file on the MCC command line with the contents of the specified file. Use

-B filename[:<a1>,<a2>,...,<an>]

The bundle filename should contain only mcc command-line options and corresponding arguments and/or other file names. The file might contain other - B options. A bundle can include replacement parameters for compiler options that accept names and version numbers. See "Using Bundles to Build MATLAB Code".

- C

Do not embed the deployable archive in binaries.

- d

Place output in a specified folder. Use

-d outFolder

to direct the generated files to *outFolder*.

• -f

Override the default options file with the specified options file. Use

-f filename

to specify filename as the options file when calling mbuild. This option lets you use different ANSI compilers for different invocations of the compiler. This option is a direct pass-through to mbuild.

-g, -G

Include debugging symbol information for the C/C++ code generated by MATLAB Compiler SDK. It also causes mbuild to pass appropriate debugging flags to the system C/C++ compiler. The debug option lets you backtrace up to the point where you can identify if the failure occurred in the initialization of MATLAB Runtime, the function call, or the termination routine. This option does not let you debug your MATLAB files with a C/C++ debugger.

· - I

Add a new folder path to the list of included folders. Each - I option adds a folder to the beginning of the list of paths to search. For example,

-I <directory1> -I <directory2>

sets up the search path so that directory1 is searched first for MATLAB files, followed by directory2. This option is important for standalone compilation where the MATLAB path is not available.

If used in conjunction with the -N option, the -I option adds the folder to the compilation path in the same position where it appeared in the MATLAB path rather than at the head of the path.

-K

Direct mcc not to delete output files if the compilation ends prematurely, due to error.

The default behavior of MCC is to dispose of any partial output if the command fails to execute successfully.

- m

Direct mcc to generate a standalone application.

- M

Define compile-time options. Use

-M string

to pass string directly to mbuild. This provides a useful mechanism for defining compile-time options, e.g., -M "-Dmacro=value".

Note: Multiple -M options do not accumulate; only the rightmost -M option is used.

- N

Passing -N clears the path of all folders except the following core folders (this list is subject to change over time):

- matlabroot\toolbox\matlab
- matlabroot\toolbox\local
- matlabroot\toolbox\compiler

Passing -N also retains all subfolders in this list that appear on the MATLAB path at compile time. Including -N on the command line lets you replace folders from the original path, while retaining the relative ordering of the included folders. All subfolders of the included folders that appear on the original path are also included. In addition, the -N option retains all folders that you included on the path that are not under <code>matlabroot\toolbox</code>.

When using the -N option, use the -I option to force inclusion of a folder, which is placed at the head of the compilation path. Use the -p option to conditionally include folders and their subfolders; if they are present in the MATLAB path, they appear in the compilation path in the same order.

• -0

Specify the name of the final executable (standalone applications only). Use

-o outputfile

to name the final executable output of MATLAB Compiler. A suitable platform-dependent extension is added to the specified name (e.g., .exe for Windows® standalone applications).

· -p

Use in conjunction with the option -N to add specific folders and subfolders under *matlabroot*\toolbox to the compilation MATLAB path. The files are added in the same order in which they appear in the MATLAB path. Use the syntax

-N -p directory

where directory is the folder to be included. If directory is not an absolute path, it is assumed to be under the current working folder.

- If a folder is included with -p that is on the original MATLAB path, the folder and all its subfolders that appear on the original path are added to the compilation path in the same order.
- If a folder is included with -p that is not on the original MATLAB path, that folder is ignored. (You can use -I to force its inclusion.)

• -R

Provides MATLAB Runtime options. The syntax is as follows:

-R option

Option	Description	Target
-	Specify a log file name.	MATLAB Compiler
logfile		MATLAB Compiler SDK
-	Suppress the MATLAB nodisplay run-	MATLAB Compiler
nodispla	time warning.	MATLAB Compiler SDK
-nojvm	Do not use the Java Virtual Machine	MATLAB Compiler
	(JVM).	MATLAB Compiler SDK
-	Customizable user message displayed at	MATLAB Compiler
startms	initialization time.	Standalone Applications
-	Customizable user message displayed	MATLAB Compiler
complete	when initialization is complete.	Standalone Applications

Caution When running on Mac OS X, if you use -nodisplay as one of the options included in mclInitializeApplication, then the call to mclInitializeApplication must occur before calling mclRunMain.

· -S

The standard behavior for the MATLAB Runtime is that every instance of a class gets its own MATLAB Runtime context. The context includes a global MATLAB workspace for variables, such as the path and a base workspace for each function in the class. If multiple instances of a class are created, each instance gets an independent context.

This ensures that changes made to the global, or base, workspace in one instance of the class does not affect other instances of the same class.

In a singleton MATLAB Runtime, all instances of a class share the context. If multiple instances of a class are created, they use the context created by the first instance. This saves startup time and some resources. However, any changes made to the global workspace or the base workspace by one instance impacts all class instances. For example, if instance1 creates a global variable A in a singleton MATLAB Runtime, then instance2 can use variable A.

Singleton MATLAB Runtime is only supported by the following products on these specific targets:

Target supported by Singleton MATLAB Runtime	Create a Singleton MATLAB Runtime by
Excel add-in	Default behavior for target is singleton MATLAB Runtime. You do not need to perform other steps.
.NET assembly	Default behavior for target is singleton MATLAB Runtime. You do not need to perform other steps.
COM component Java package	Using the Library Compiler app, click Settings and add -S to the Additional parameters to pass to mcc field.
	• Using mcc, pass the -S flag.

· -T

Specify the output target phase and type.

Use the syntax -T target to define the output type.

Target	Description
compile:exe	Generate a C/C++ wrapper file and compile C/C++ files to an object form suitable for linking into a standalone application.
compile:lib	Generate a C/C++ wrapper file and compile C/C++ files to an object form

Target	Description
	suitable for linking into a shared library or DLL.
link:exe	Same as compile: exe, and also links object files into a standalone application.
link:lib	Same as compile:lib, and also links object files into a shared library or DLL.

• - u

Register COM component for the current user only on the development machine. The argument applies only to the generic COM component and Microsoft Excel add-in targets.

• - V

Display the compilation steps, including:

- MATLAB Compiler version number
- · The source file names as they are processed
- The names of the generated output files as they are created
- · The invocation of mbuild

The -v option passes the -v option to mbuild and displays information about mbuild.

• - W

Display warning messages. Use the syntax

to control the display of warnings.

Syntax	Description
-w list	List all of the possible warning that MCC can generate.
-w enable	Enable complete warnings.
-w disable[: <string>]</string>	Disable specific warnings associated with <i><string></string></i> . See "Warning Messages" for a list of the <i><string></string></i>

Syntax	Description
	values. Omit the optional <string> to apply the disable action to all warnings.</string>
-w enable[: <string>]</string>	Enable specific warnings associated with <string>. See "Warning Messages" for a list of the <string> values. Omit the optional <string> to apply the enable action to all warnings.</string></string></string>
-w error[: <string>]</string>	Treat specific warnings associated with <string> as an error. Omit the optional <string> to apply the error action to all warnings.</string></string>
-w off[: <string>] [<filename>]</filename></string>	Turn warnings off for specific error messages defined by <string>. You can also narrow scope by specifying warnings be turned off when generated by specific <filename>s.</filename></string>
-w on[: <string>] [<filename>]</filename></string>	Turn warnings on for specific error messages defined by <string>. You can also narrow scope by specifying warnings be turned on when generated by specific <filename>s.</filename></string>

You can also turn warnings on or off in your MATLAB code.

For example, to turn warnings off for deployed applications (specified using isdeployed) in your startup.m, you write:

```
if isdeployed warning off end
```

To turn warnings on for deployed applications, you write:

```
if isdeployed
warning on
end
```

• -W

Control the generation of function wrappers. Use the syntax

```
-W type
```

to control the generation of function wrappers for a collection of MATLAB files generated by the compiler. You provide a list of functions and the compiler generates the wrapper functions and any appropriate global variable definitions.

• -Y Use

-Y license.lic

to override the default license file with the specified argument.

Note: The -Y flag works only with the command-line mode.

>>!mcc -m foo.m -Y license.lic

Introduced before R2006a

matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer class

Package: matlab.mapreduce

Configure a MapReduce application for deployment against Hadoop

Description

MapReducer object that represents executing MapReduce on a Hadoop cluster with a deployed MATLAB Runtime.

Construction

config = matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer creates a
matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer object that specifies the default
properties for Hadoop execution.

Use the resulting object as input to the mapreducer function, to specify the configuration properties for Hadoop execution. For deploying a standalone application, pass the matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer object as input to mapreduce.

config = matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer(Name, Value) creates a
matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer object with properties specified by one
or more name-value pair arguments.

Input Arguments

Name-Value Pair Arguments

Specify optional comma-separated pairs of Name, Value arguments. Name is the argument name and Value is the corresponding value. Name must appear inside single quotes (' '). You can specify several name and value pair arguments in any order as Name1, Value1, ..., NameN, ValueN.

Example: 'MCRRoot', '/hd-shared/hadoop-2.2.0/MCR/v84'

'HadoopInstallFolder' — Path to Hadoop installation character string

Path to Hadoop installation, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of the HadoopInstallFolder and a character string.

The default value of Hadoop install folder is specified by the environment variables in the order of precedence of MATLAB_HADOOP_INSTALL, HADOOP_PREFIX, and HADOOP_HOME.

'HadoopConfigurationFile' — Path to Hadoop application configuration files character string

Path to Hadoop application configuration files, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of the HadoopConfigurationFile and a character string.

'MCRRoot' — MATLAB Runtime install folder for Hadoop cluster character string

MATLAB Runtime install folder for Hadoop cluster, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of the MCRRoot and a character string.

MCRRoot specifies the MATLAB Runtime install folder used by Hadoop when executing mapreduce tasks in Hadoop.

'HadoopProperties' — Map container of name-value pairs character string | cell array of strings

Map container of name-value pairs, specified as the comma-separated pair consisting of the HadoopProperties and a character string or a cell array of strings.

Map container values are passed as inputs to the Hadoop command.

Properties

HadoopInstallFolder — Path to Hadoop installation

character string

Path to Hadoop installation, specified as a character string.

HadoopConfigurationFile — Path to Hadoop application configuration files character string

Path to Hadoop application configuration files, specified as a character string.

MCRRoot — MATLAB Runtime install folder for Hadoop cluster

character string

MATLAB Runtime install folder for Hadoop cluster, specified as a character string.

MCRRoot specifies the MATLAB Runtime install folder used by Hadoop when executing mapreduce tasks in Hadoop.

HadoopProperties — Map container of name-value pairs

character string | cell array of strings

Map container of name-value pairs, specified as a character string or a cell array of strings.

Map container values are passed as inputs to the Hadoop command.

Examples

Create a Deploy Hadoop MapReducer object

Create and use a matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer object to deploy into a standalone application and deploy against Hadoop.

```
config = matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer('MCRRoot',...
    '/hd-shared/hadoop-2.2.0/MCR/v84');
mr = mapreducer(config);
```

• "Create Standalone Application to Run Against Hadoop from Command Line" on page 2-2

See Also

mapreduce | mapreducer

hadoopCompiler

Build and package MapReduce applications for deployment against Hadoop

Syntax

hadoopCompiler project name

Description

hadoopCompiler opens the Hadoop compiler app

hadoopCompiler project_name opens the MATLAB compiler with the project preloaded.

Examples

Create a New Hadoop Compiler Project

Open the Hadoop compiler app to create a new project.

hadoopCompiler

Input Arguments

project_name - name of the project to be compiled

string

Specify the name of a previously saved MATLAB Compiler project. The project must be on the current path.

See Also

deploytool | mcc

Introduced in R2014b

mapreducer

Define deployed execution for mapreduce

Use this function with MATLAB Compiler to specify information about the execution environment for standalone applications that execute against Hadoop.

Syntax

```
mapreducer(config)
mr = mapreducer(config)
```

Description

mapreducer(config) specifies execution environment. When deploying a standalone application against Hadoop, config is an object of matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer class.

mr = mapreducer(config) returns a MapReducer object to specify the execution environment. You can define MapReducer objects, allowing you to swap execution environments by passing one as an input argument to mapreduce.

Examples

Create a mapreducer object in deployed mode

```
mr = mapreducer(...
    matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer('MCRRoot',...
    '/hd-shared/hadoop-2.2.0/MCR/v84'))
```

Input Arguments

config — mapreducer object for running in deployed environment
matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer object

mapreducer object for running in deployed environment, specified as a matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer object.

```
Example: config =
mapreducer(matlab.mapreduce.DeployHadoopMapReducer('MCRRoot','/hd-
shared/hadoop-2.2.0/MCR/v84'))
```

Output Arguments

mr - Execution environment for mapreduce

mapreducer object

Execution environment for mapreduce, returned as a mapreducer object.

More About

Tips

 mapreducer and mapreducer(0) enables different configurations based on the products you have. In MATLAB, the mapreduce function automatically runs using a SerialMapReducer. For more information, see mapreducer.

If you have Parallel Computing $Toolbox^{TM}$, see the function reference page for mapreducer for additional information.

See Also

Functions

gcmr | mapreduce

Classes

matlab. map reduce. Deploy Hadoop Map Reducer

Introduced in R2014b

Apps

Hadoop Compiler

Package MATLAB programs for deployment to Hadoop clusters as MapReduce programs

Description

The **Hadoop Compiler** packages MATLAB functions into applications for deployment to Hadoop clusters as MapReduce programs.

Open the Hadoop Compiler App

- MATLAB Toolstrip: On the Apps tab, under Application Deployment, click the appicon.
- MATLAB command prompt: Enter hadoopCompiler.

Examples

 "Package Deployable Archive to Run Against Hadoop with Hadoop Compiler App" on page 1-2

Parameters

map function — function for mapper

string

Function for the mapper as a string.

reduce function — function for reducer

string

Function for the reducer as a string.

datastore file - input file for MapReduce

string

Input file for MapReduce as a string.

output types — format of output

keyvalue (default) | tabulartext

Format of MapReduce output as a string.

additional configuration file content — additional parameters configuring how Hadoop runs job

string

Additional parameters to configure how Hadoop runs the job as a string. See "Hadoop Settings File" on page 3-3.

files required for your MapReduce job payload to run — files that must be included with generated artifacts

list of files

Files that must be included with generated artifacts as a list of files.

Settings

Additional parameters passed to $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MCC}}$ — flags controlling the behavior of the compiler

string

Flags controlling the behavior of the compiler as a string.

testing files — folder where files for testing are stored string

Folder where files for testing are stored as a string.

packaged files — folder where generated artifacts are stores string

Folder where generated artifacts are stored as a string.

Programmatic Use

hadoopCompiler